

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information	
Candidate surname	Other names
Centre Number	Candidate Number
Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE	
Friday 19 May 2023	
Afternoon	Paper reference 8FM0/25
Further Mathematics Advanced Subsidiary Further Mathematics options 25: Further Mechanics 1 (Part of options C, E, H and J)	
You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator	
Total Marks	

Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear.
Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Unless otherwise indicated, whenever a value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ and give your answer to either 2 significant figures or 3 significant figures.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- The total mark for this part of the examination is 40. There are 4 questions.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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1. Two particles, P and Q , of masses $3m$ and $2m$ respectively, are moving on a smooth horizontal plane. They are moving in opposite directions along the same straight line when they collide directly.

Immediately before the collision, P is moving with speed $2u$.

The magnitude of the impulse exerted on P by Q in the collision is $\frac{9mu}{2}$

- (a) Find the speed of P immediately after the collision.

(3)

The coefficient of restitution between P and Q is e .

Given that the speed of Q immediately before the collision is u ,

- (b) find the value of e .

(5)

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Question 1 continued

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(Total for Question 1 is 8 marks)

2. A racing car of mass 750 kg is moving along a straight horizontal road at a constant speed of $U \text{ km h}^{-1}$. The engine of the racing car is working at a constant rate of 60 kW.

The resistance to the motion of the racing car is modelled as a force of magnitude $37.5v \text{ N}$, where $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ is the speed of the racing car.

Using the model,

- (a) find the value of U

(4)

Later on, the racing car is accelerating up a straight road which is inclined to the horizontal at an angle α , where $\sin \alpha = \frac{5}{49}$. The engine of the racing car is working at a constant rate of 60 kW.

The total resistance to the motion of the racing car from non-gravitational forces is modelled as a force of magnitude $37.5v \text{ N}$, where $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$ is the speed of the racing car. At the instant when the acceleration of the racing car is 2 m s^{-2} , the speed of the racing car is $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Using the model,

- (b) find the value of V

(4)

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Question 2 continued

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(Total for Question 2 is 8 marks)

Question 3 continued

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Question 3 continued

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(Total for Question 3 is 10 marks)

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4.



Figure 1

Three particles, P , Q and R , lie at rest on a smooth horizontal plane. The particles are in a straight line with Q between P and R , as shown in Figure 1.

Particle P is projected **towards** Q with speed u . At the same time, R is projected with speed $\frac{1}{2}u$ **away from** Q , in the direction QR .

Particle P has mass m and particle Q has mass $2m$.

The coefficient of restitution between P and Q is e .

(a) Show that the speed of Q immediately after the collision between P and Q is

$$\frac{u(1+e)}{3} \quad (6)$$

It is given that $e > \frac{1}{2}$

(b) Determine whether there is a collision between Q and R .

(2)

(c) Determine the direction of motion of P immediately after the collision between P and Q .

(2)

(d) Find, in terms of m , u and e , the total kinetic energy lost in the collision between P and Q , simplifying your answer.

(3)

(e) Explain how using $e = 1$ could be used to check your answer to part (d).

(1)

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P 7 2 8 1 1 A 0 1 5 1 6

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(Total for Question 4 is 14 marks)**TOTAL FOR FURTHER MECHANICS 1 IS 40 MARKS**